

# 'Odds, Evens and More Evens'

sequence	$n^{\text{th}}$ term
$A_0$	$2n - 1$
$A_1$	$4n - 2$
$A_2$	$8n - 4$
$A_3$	$16n - 8$
$A_4$	$32n - 16$
$A_5$	$64n - 32$
$A_6$	$128n - 64$
$A_7$	$256n - 128$
$A_8$	$512n - 256$
$A_9$	$1024n - 512$
$A_{10}$	$2048n - 1024$

All sequences are infinite

Which sequences will contain the numbers 1000?

$2n - 1 = 1000$	no	integer solution
$4n - 2 = 1000$	no	
$8n - 4 = 1000$	no	
$16n - 8 = 1000$	yes	
$32n - 16 = 1000$	no	
$64n - 32 = 1000$	no	
$128n - 64 = 1000$	no	
$256n - 128 = 1000$	no	
$512n - 256 = 1000$	no	
$1024n - 512 = 1000$	no	
$2048n - 1024 = 1000$	no	

$n = 63$

Bravda  
Kryštof

How many of the numbers from 1 to 63?

$A_0: 32$	$A_1: 16$
$A_2: 8$	$A_3: 4$
$A_4: 2$	$A_5: 1$
$A_6: 0$	$A_7: 0 \dots$