

DIGITAL EQUATION

$$k=0 \Rightarrow 0(10-0) = 0 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=1 \Rightarrow 1(10-1) = 9 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=2 \Rightarrow 2(10-2) = 16$$

$$k=3 \Rightarrow 3(10-3) = 21 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=4 \Rightarrow 4(10-4) = 24 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=5 \Rightarrow 5(10-5) = 25$$

$$k=6 \Rightarrow 6(10-6) = 24 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=7 \Rightarrow 7(10-7) = 21 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$$k=8 \Rightarrow 8(10-8) = 16$$

$$k=9 \Rightarrow 9(10-9) = 9 \quad \text{div by } 3$$

$(k)(k-1)(k+1)$ is the product of three consecutive numbers

Out of three consecutive numbers, at least one will be divisible by 3

\therefore Entire product is divisible by 3

$$N = 100a + 10b + c$$

$$S = a + b^2 + c^3$$

$$100a + 10b + c = a + b^2 + c^3$$

$$99a + 10b - b^2 = c^3 - c$$

$$99a + 10b - b^2 = c(c^2 - 1)$$

$$99a + 10b - b^2 = c(c-1)(c+1)$$

RHS is divisible by 3
 \therefore LHS must be div. by 3 too

$$3 \mid c(c-1)(c+1)$$

$$3 \mid 99a + 10b - b^2$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \mid b(10-b)$$

This is equivalent to first part
of the question to figure out
 $10k - k^2$

To be div. by 3, b should be either
0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9

It can also be seen that $c^3 - c$
will be greater than or equal to
99 since $a \geq 1$ and $b \in (0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, 9)$

All values of $c^3 - c$ are 0, 6, 24, 60, 120,
210, 336, 504, 720

Only values for $c \geq 5$ are $c^3 - c$ greater than
99.

$99a \in \{ 99, 198, 297, 396, 495, 594, 693, 792, 891, \cancel{990} \}$

$10b - b^2 \in \{ 0, 9, 21, 24 \}$

$c^3 - c \in \{ 120, 210, 336, 504, 720 \}$

a, b, c are independent of each other

$$99a + 10b - b^2 = c^3 - c$$

Max = $891 + 24$

Max = 720

$\therefore 99a$ can't be $891, 792$.

Now, it's brute force and educated guess for all values

120 can be $99 + 21$ only \Rightarrow (1)

210 can be $99 + 111$ none \Rightarrow (0)
 ~~$198 + 22$~~

336 can be ~~$297 + 39$~~ none \Rightarrow (0)

504 can be $495 + 9$ 1 case \Rightarrow (1)

720 can be none \Rightarrow (0)

(1) $c^3 - c$ is 120 at $c=5$

$99a$ is 99 at $a=1$

$10b - b^2$ is 21 at $b=3$ and $b=7$

(2) $c^3 - c$ is 504 at $c=8$

$99a$ is 495 at $a=5$

$10b - b^2$ is 29 at $b=1$, and $b=9$

Thus from all cases

$1, 3, 5 \Rightarrow 135$

$1, 7, 5 \Rightarrow 175$

$5, 1, 8 \Rightarrow 518$

$5, 9, 8 \Rightarrow 598$